

GET READY FOR EASTER!

BARGAINS IN
Made-to-Measure Clothing

—Diamond Tailoring—



Orders Taken for Choice Cut Flowers.
EVERETT C. PERCY.

Mr. Damron Answers.

IRONTON, Mo., March 26th, 1915.
MR. E. D. AKE, Editor Register:

My Dear Sir—Since you have given publication to a few articles of other papers which criticized me adversely for something I did or said while in the legislature, and have manifestly been careful not to give publication to anything which other editors have said in defense or commendation of my record, I enclose a copy of a letter I have written to the editor of the Doniphan Prospect News, one of my critics, in reply to his article. I will be obliged to you if you will give it and this letter space in the same issue of your paper at an early date. I hope it will to some extent ease the anxiety of yourself and others as to my views and what I said about the "country press."

Really, Mr. Ake, in view of your design to give only one side of this question, and knowing your views on certain matters, I am unable to believe you are serious in your observations of as to what I should have said about the subsidized press, etc. Having read your paper for years in which you have expressed your views along this line, I know that you have no more respect for the subsidized press than I have. I am of the opinion that about the only thing between me and you is that we differ in our views on the "wet" and "dry" question. I am "dry," (which in your estimation is the unpardonable sin,) and you are "wet," very "wet." Now, let the attack be confined to the real point in issue so that our friends who may not be on the scene, will not be deceived.

While in the legislature I voted on several hundred bills, amendments to bills, resolutions, etc. Outside my votes on the dry question, I am confident that on ninety-five per cent. of the measures, you would have voted as I did had you been the representative from this county instead of myself. I voted for most all the bills that were enacted into law: I voted against almost every bill which provided for the creation of more offices, or the raising of official salaries, including the resolution to submit a constitutional amendment to raise the pay of the members of the legislature. And last but not least, I voted against the dairyman's bill which had for one of its purposes the placing of further restrictions and burdens upon your beloved oleomargarine industry. Now, did I not do fairly well on these questions? I await some slight sign of commendation or approval from your sanctum.

Yours, respectfully,
CHAS. P. DAMRON.

IRONTON, Mo., March 26, 1915.
MR. J. R. CAMPBELL, Editor of the Doniphan Prospect News:

Dear Sir—My attention has been called to an article published in your paper in which you undertake to quote some reference I made to part of the press, in my remarks in the

House of Representatives on the railroad rate bill, in which you assert I said, "that the country press is subsidized, bought and paid for by the railroad companies."

Your misstatement of what I did say, your manner in raising the issue, and the false position in which your article is aimed to place me with reference to the country press, arouses some mild suspicion as to the position your paper has occupied on this question, and leads one to wonder whether your attitude is wholly a consideration of a lot of fat advertising on the full crew bill, the rate question, etc., you have unconsciously and unwittingly become a little tender toward the railroad companies. In my statement I referred specifically to the "metropolitan press," and a "part of the country press." Your false position may be due to your assumption that the metropolitan press and the small part of the country press, which came under the ban of my criticism, constitute all the press of the state, in other words, "the whole show."

I am entirely aware, even if you do not seem to be—that there are a large number of country editors, who have not intentionally or unwittingly permitted themselves to be muzzled or retained by the railroads, or by any other interests that seek to promote conditions which are inimical to the public welfare; that there are many who occupy a very high place in the community life, and appreciate that legitimate function is to correctly inform, to educate, to guide, to dignify the good by legitimate methods, to stand for the moral and intellectual uplift of the human race, to advocate the truth and condemn error, even at times when to do it means much loss in wealth and prestige. These kind are the salt of the earth and for them I have the profoundest respect and gratitude.

I have no quarrel with the editor who has merely accepted advertising material from the roads and secured pay therefor. I strike at that class, who, no sooner than this advertising matter was received, began to advocate the cause of the railroads by their editorials, and to give space in the columns of their papers to every thing from every source, in defense of the roads and refused or failed to give to the public information on the other side of the question, thereby attempting to sway the public opinion in one direction on this subject. My criticism was made simply because of such methods being employed to force the legislature to grant a raise in rates, without any consideration or investigation as to the values of the properties of the roads, the service to be rendered or the profits to be derived, although we have a Public Service Commission whose duty it is to investigate and act on all these points. Before and during the session of the legislature, the press to which I referred continuously filled their columns with "stuff" for the roads and saw to it that their marked copies

were put into the hands of the members of the Assembly, and by their false arguments, threats of panics, promises of prosperity, cajolery and intimidation, they attempted to force the passage of this legislation. You cannot defend this sort of journalism. Your attempt to do so must end in a miserable failure.

I am not an anti-railroader and do not seek any reputation as such. The roads should have sufficient rates, under normal business conditions to insure them a fair return. But I am unable to see the wisdom or justice in granting a raise in rates until it shall be shown that the present rates, under normal business conditions, will not yield a fair return on an honest value, and for the services to be rendered. This part of the press to which I referred conveniently forgets that it cost the state of Missouri thousands of dollars and took seven long years following the enactment of the two cent passenger rate law in 1897, to compel the railroads to come to book and obey the law, and that the opinion rendered by the Supreme Court of the United States in these rate cases, held that the roads had failed to show that a two cent rate would not yield them a fair return. This same press conceals the facts, that, although there are more people living in Missouri for each mile of railroad therein, than there are in any surrounding state or other state similarly situated, except Illinois, the roads in Missouri are now charging Missouri shippers higher rates on their merchandise, brick, stone, coal, lumber and other forest products, live stock, agricultural implements, grain and grain products, than they charge shippers in these other states. It further conceals the fact that the roads in Missouri are making certain discriminations against Missourians, compared to their treatment of citizens in other states,—for instance,—in these other states the roads have paid back and are paying back to the people the excess freight and passenger fares which were collected during the pendency of the rate cases. In Missouri they refuse to pay this money back although it amounts to several million of dollars. These and other like considerations moved me to criticize the portion of the press referred to, and to oppose an increase in rates without requiring an investigation as to the values of the properties of the roads.

Trusting I have made my position clear and that you will be kind enough to give space in your paper for this letter I beg to remain,
Yours, very truly,
CHAS. P. DAMRON,
Representative of Iron County.

Drastic New Game Law.

The last loophole in the law against selling native game birds in Missouri will be closed this week, when Gov. Major will sign House bill 605. One of the sections of this bill, which was backed by the Missouri Fish and Game League and affirmed organizations, is as follows:

"Section 6525. Regulating sale, storage and serving of game—exception—penalty. Any person, firm or corporation who shall, at any time of the year, barter, sell or offer for sale, or who shall store or serve in any commission house, cold storage house or commercial establishment, in this State, either under the name used in this article, or under any other name, or guise, whatever, any animals or birds protected in this article, whether taken within or without this State, or lawfully or unlawfully taken, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100), and an additional fine of five dollars (\$5) for every bird or animal or part of every bird or animal bartered, sold or offered for sale, stored or served; provided, that nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the pelts of furbearing animals lawfully taken, or as otherwise provided for taxidermists, or scientific specimens in this act; provided, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the storing and serving, in any eating establishment of deer or elk raised in captivity, as provided for in captivity, as provided for in Section 6591."

Sportmen have been fighting in the Legislature through two terms to stop the handling of game by subterfuge in St. Louis restaurants. They have seen a wholesale traffic in game spring up under pretense of giving it away or having attached to it in storage licenses made out in names of employees. Realizing that only a drastic act could stop such practices, the conservationists drew up bill 605 and organized the State in support of it. The House first passed the bill 10 days ago, and concurred in the Senate amendments Saturday.

Changes in the present game law under the bill are numerous. The bag limit on all waterfowl has been increased from 15 to 25 in possession, and that on quail from 15 to 30. An open season on woodcock has been restored. It is from November 10 to December 27. This latter is also the new quail season, being an increase of 17 days.

The dove season is from August 1 to November 10, and the new squirrel season from June 1 to December 31. Giggling fish in spawning season is for the first time prohibited by law in Missouri. The bill carries an emergency clause and goes into effect at once.

A jubilee dinner in celebration of its campaign will be given by the Legislative Committee of the League to Missouri sportsmen in St. Louis next week. It is expected that the speakers of the evening will be United States Senator, James A. Reed of Kansas City, one of the active opponents of the Federal game law, and E. L. Westbrook of Joesboro, Ark., who will argue the constitutionality of that law against the Government in the test case now before the United States Supreme Court.

Bryan Logic.

(From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.)
It cannot truthfully be said that every moderate drinker becomes a drunkard, but it is true that every drunkard comes from the number of those who drink moderately.—From Secretary Bryan's Philadelphia speech.

It cannot truthfully be said that every total abstainer becomes a drunkard, but it is true that every drunkard comes from the number of those who were total abstainers.

It cannot truthfully be said that every moderate eater kills himself by overeating, but it is true that the gourmands come from the numbers of those who eat.

It cannot truthfully be said that every man who lives outside of a cyclone cellar is killed by accident, but it is true that all who are killed by accident come from the numbers of those who live outside of cyclone cellars.

It cannot truthfully be said that all who spend money becomes spendthrifts, but it is true that spendthrifts come from the numbers of those who spend money.

Bryan logic is Bryan logic.

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidneys and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism, and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail or receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggist.—Adv.

Study Efficiency in Grocery Store.

How many steps does the clerk in your corner grocery store take in filling an order? Could the stock be rearranged so that an order could be filled in less time? Such questions are these are the sort the students in efficiency engineering in the new School of Commerce of the University of Missouri at Columbia are working on every day. They visit the grocery store, make a chart of the movements of one clerk during an afternoon, and then suggest changes that would make the work of the clerk more efficient.

Advertising, accounting, general economics, money and banking, crises and depressions, transportation, taxation, corporation finance, contemporary history and government, business law, social ethics, and other fundamental studies that prepare the student for the investigation and mastery of the practical organization and administration of any business are included in the curriculum of this new school.

Although the School of Commerce is less than one year old, there are now about seventy-five students either regularly enrolled or taking the two years of work in the College of Arts and Science preparatory to entering the School of Commerce. The commerce students have several clubs and organizations for furthering their interests. The school is equipped with complete laboratory equipment for the study of bookkeeping and accounting, and a business library is rapidly being accumulated.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

—Advertisement.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—The finest and best located residence in Ironton, Mo.; suitable also for Hotel or Institution. Splendid brick dwelling and ample grounds, in prime condition; has an unfailing spring (known as Grant Spring); with ample water supply for all purposes. This property has not only a present investment value, but is also of historical interest. Address H. M. Blossom, Pierce Building, St. Louis, or Frank Mullin, Ironton, Mo.

FINAL CALL —FOR— WINTER GOODS! TREMENDOUS BARGAINS!

Ladies' Long Coats.

\$3.75, cut to	\$1.75
5.00, cut to	2.25
6.75, cut to	2.90
8.00, cut to	3.25
12.00, cut to	5.90

Misses' Long Coats.

\$2.50, cut to	\$1.20
3.00, cut to	1.50
3.75, cut to	2.00
4.00, cut to	2.50

Infants' & Children's Coats

\$1.90, cut to	\$.75
2.25, cut to	1.00
3.00, cut to	1.50
3.75, cut to	2.00

Men's Suits.

\$7.50, cut to	\$5.00
8.50, cut to	5.50
10.00, cut to	6.50
12.00, cut to	7.50

Men's Overcoats.

\$5.75, cut to	\$4.00
7.00, cut to	4.95
10.00, cut to	6.00
12.00, cut to	5.70

Boys' Overcoats.

\$2.00, cut to	90c
3.25, cut to	\$1.50

Ladies' and Misses' Sweaters.

\$1.25, cut to	60c
1.50, cut to	90c
2.25, cut to	\$1.25
2.75, cut to	1.50
3.00, cut to	1.75

Men's Wool Shirts

GUARANTEED.

\$1.00, cut to	70c
1.25, cut to	75c
1.50, cut to	95c

Men's Sweaters.

\$1.50, cut to	75c
2.25, cut to	\$1.25
2.50, cut to	1.50
3.00, cut to	1.75

Big Bargains

In Ladies' Hoods and Caps.

Caps \$1.00, cut to	50c
Hoods, 65c and 75c, cut to	25c
\$1.00 and 1.25, cut to	60c

Big Bargains in Ladies' and Children's SHOES. Extremely Fine Values all along the line.

B. N. BROWN,

"We Can Save You Money."

IRONTON, MO.

West End Items.

The ground was white this morning early with snow, but is all gone now. Yesterday and to-day are the first two spring days of the year, and is snowing; that does not look like an early spring which everybody is wishing for, although the peewees were able to follow this morning.

There seems to be a good demand for pine lumber, but the prices are dull and not much chance for them to get better until those on the other side of the creek either kill out or starve out and if both weapons are used it will end quicker. Don't you think?

Charley Francis passed here this morning, bound for Doyle after a load of feed.

Corn is selling at 90 cents per bushel at Doyle now.

Joe Thompson and William Shy, Jr., just passed with three calves, going down the creek. I just suppose Bill has bought them. William is a pretty good stock man.

I was in the west and southern part of Reynolds county about two weeks ago and the County Superintendent's race was very hot then, but it seems to be in favor of the ex-Superintendent.

Daniel Wood and family, of Black, have been visiting relatives in the West End for the past few days. Daniel has been in bad health for about three months, but is improving slowly, if any. He went to St. Louis to the doctors, and returned but very little better. We hope to hear of his rapid recovery.

Arthur Francis has been on the sick list for the past few days with la grippe, but is some better at this writing.

Mrs. J. A. Francis, of Oates, is visiting relatives in this part of the county at this writing.

Leonard Volner spent Saturday night and Sunday on Clayton Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Volner and Henry Sampter called to see Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Francis Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Volner called on Mr. and Mrs. Grover Volner last night.

There were sixty some odd who took teachers' examination at Ellington, March 5 and 6th.

A FRIEND TO ALL.

Eggs—Thoroughbred range-raised White Leghorns. 15 for \$1.00. Ten years a breeder. J. L. CURTIS, Ironton, Mo.

Lower Cranepond Items.

We had a fine meeting on Cranepond Sunday of last week.

We have been having some nice weather, with a few bad days.

Miss Jennie Selinger was visiting school Friday on Cranepond.

Mr. Selinger had quite a number for dinner Sunday.

Mrs. Benson from Annapolis was over to church on Cranepond Sunday, and quite a number from Sabula and Annapolis attended church Sunday night. We certainly had a good time.

Miss Macy Berry was visiting Miss Jennie Selinger last week.

Mr. Medley's had quite a number go home with them from church.

The Cranepond School closed Friday with quite a number of visitors, but the children were badly disappointed because the teacher didn't treat as they expected. But, never mind, little children; there is another term of school coming. Just look forward till the next last day, and if the teacher doesn't treat you, I will.

Miss Laura Polk was visiting on Cranepond Sunday.

There was a pie supper at the upper school house on Cranepond Saturday night. A right good crowd and a jolly time.

Mr. Eugene Seal was a caller at Joe Selinger's Saturday night and Sunday. The farmers are all busy plowing and sowing oats. WAX DOLL.

Painting and Paper Hanging.

My 1915 wall paper sample books await your pleasure. I have the most beautiful, practical and artistic line of Wall Decorations ever shown in the Valley, at reasonable prices. Let me show them to you at your own home and make an estimate on your work. Anything in the Painting, Paper-Hanging and Decorating line. Phone 103. THOS. B. PRUITT.

Sailors for Spring Will be the thing. Our assortment is exceptional. THE STYLE SHOP.

Good Opening for a Hotel.

My place for sale. Reason for selling: Place too large for just two in the family. Nice home for large family. Furnace Heat; Bath; two good Closets and Well. Excellent grounds with fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to H. M. COLLINS, Arcadia, Mo.

Buy a Home With Rent Money.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

Suitable for Hotel or Boarding House, the Baird Homestead, C. M. Baird, Street, Arcadia, Mo. 10 room house, 3 room cottage, 2 story barn and buggy house. Large chicken yard, 2 hen houses, shade and fruit trees. Three acres good land. Apply to A. W. POWELL, Chemical Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Trustee's Sale Under Deed of Trust.

Whereas, J. L. Jackson and Maggie Jackson, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated March 2, 1912, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County of Iron, State of Missouri, in Book 55 at Page 68, conveyed to the undersigned Trustee the following described real estate situated in the County of Iron and State of Missouri, to-wit:

All the southeast quarter Section twelve, the east half of northeast quarter, east half southwest quarter and the southeast quarter Section thirteen, the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter, the east half northwest quarter, six acres in the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter and east of the old channel of Big Creek; thirty acres in the south part of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, the bank of Pike Creek being the line until the land intersects with Indian Branch, thence up said branch to the northeast corner; twenty-four acres of the east part of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, being that part east of Big Creek; all the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, Section twenty-four, all in Township thirty-one, north, of Range three east—containing seven hundred acres, more or less.

Which conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust, to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed specified; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of part of the principal and all of the interest due on said note, and said principal and interest now past due and remain unpaid: Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust contained, I, the undersigned, Trustee, will sell the property above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door in the City of Ironton, County of Iron, State of Missouri, on

Monday, April 12th, 1915,

between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and five o'clock P. M. of said day, for the purpose of satisfying said indebtedness and the cost of executing this trust.

CHARLES E. BOLCH, Trustee.
Ironton, Missouri, March 6th, 1915.